

§

On a Riemannian manifold (M, g) , a vector field U is called a Killing vector field if it is infinitesimally an isometry, namely $\left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \phi_t^* g = 0$

Where ϕ_t is the one-parameter family of diffeomorphism generated by U

- (a) For a Killing vector field U , show that $g(\nabla_X U, Y) + g(\nabla_Y U, X) = 0$ for any two vector fields X, Y
- (b) Suppose that U is a Killing vector field, and γ is a geodesic. Prove that

$U|_\gamma$ is a Jacobi field

Proof: Compute:

$$R(\gamma', \xi)\gamma' = (\nabla_{\gamma'}(\nabla \xi))\gamma' = \nabla_{\gamma'} \nabla_{\gamma'} \xi - \nabla_{\nabla_{\gamma'} \gamma'} \xi = \frac{D^2 \xi}{dt^2},$$

using that $\nabla_{\gamma'} \gamma' = 0$.