

求下列微分式所表示的意義，其中 $z=f(x, y)$

$$(1) x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0 \text{ (right conoid) } \begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \\ z = f(\theta) \end{cases}$$

$$A. x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix}$$

在 $f(x, y) = c$ 這個 level curve (等高線) $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix}$ 是此曲線的法向量

$\frac{y}{x} = m$ 是個 level curve 的特別解

Level curve only depends on θ

B.

$z = f(x, y) = g(r, \theta)$ ，用極座標表示

$$xf_x + yf_y = 0, \quad r = (x^2 + y^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}, \quad \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$$

$$r_x = \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{x}{r}, \quad r_y = \frac{\partial r}{\partial y} = \frac{y}{r}, \quad \theta_x = \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} = \frac{-y}{r^2}, \quad \theta_y = \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} = \frac{x}{r^2}$$

$$f_x = g_r r_x + g_\theta \theta_x$$

$$f_y = g_r r_y + g_\theta \theta_y$$

$$xf_x + yf_y = x(g_r r_x + g_\theta \theta_x) + y(g_r r_y + g_\theta \theta_y)$$

$$= (xr_x + yr_y)g_r + (x\theta_x + y\theta_y)g_\theta, \quad (x\theta_x + y\theta_y = 0)$$

$$= \left(\frac{x^2}{r} + \frac{y^2}{r}\right)g_r = rg_r = 0$$

在 $r \neq 0$ 的區域， $g_r = 0$ ， g does not depends on r

所以 $z = f(x, y) = g(r, \theta) = h(\theta)$

特殊解為 $z = \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$

$$\text{Note } \frac{d}{dx} \tan^{-1} x = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$(2) \ y \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0 \quad (\text{旋轉面}) \quad \begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \\ z = f(r) \end{cases}$$