

p.53 定義 2.1.7 後的一個習作

$S^1$  is a submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $T\mathbb{R}^2$  is the tangent bundle of  $\mathbb{R}^2$

If we restrict  $T\mathbb{R}^2$  to  $S^1$ , the tangent bundle has fiber  $T_x S^1 = \{y \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x \cdot y = 0\} \subset \mathbb{R}^2$

Write down the explicit bundle charts of  $TS^1$

1. 選取  $S^1$  的覆蓋(cover)
2. 設 diffeomorphism(微分同胚映射)

$U_1 = S^1 / \{(-1, 0)\}$ ,  $\theta: U_1 \rightarrow (-\pi, \pi)$  coordinates on  $U_1$ ,  $p(\cos \theta, \sin \theta) \in S^1$

A tangent vector  $v \in T_p S^1$  at  $p(\cos \theta, \sin \theta)$  is  $v = c(-\sin \theta, \cos \theta)$

The bundle chart  $\phi_1: \pi^{-1}(U_1) \rightarrow U_1 \times \mathbb{R}$  is defined by :

$$\phi_1(p, v) = (\theta, c) \text{ where } v = c(-\sin \theta, \cos \theta)$$

Under this chart,  $\pi^{-1}(U_1)$  is identified with  $(-\pi, \pi) \times \mathbb{R}$

$U_2 = S^1 / \{(1, 0)\}$ ,  $\varphi: U_2 \rightarrow (0, 2\pi)$  coordinates on  $U_2$ ,  $p(\cos \varphi, \sin \varphi)$

A tangent vector  $v \in T_p S^1$  at  $p(\cos \varphi, \sin \varphi)$  is  $v = d(-\sin \varphi, \cos \varphi)$

The bundle chart  $\phi_2: \pi^{-1}(U_2) \rightarrow U_2 \times \mathbb{R}$  is defined by :

$$\phi_2(p, v) = (\varphi, d) \text{ where } v = d(-\sin \varphi, \cos \varphi)$$

Under this chart,  $\pi^{-1}(U_2)$  is identified with  $(0, 2\pi) \times \mathbb{R}$

On  $U_1 \cap U_2 = S^1 / \{(-1, 0), (1, 0)\}$

If  $\theta \in (0, \pi)$  then  $\varphi = \theta$

If  $\theta \in (-\pi, 0)$  then  $\varphi = 2\pi + \theta$

For a tangent vector  $v$ , we have  $c=d$  in both cases, so the transition functions (轉換函數) define how coordinates change between overlapping charts (重疊區) is  $(\theta, c) \rightarrow (\varphi, c)$  with the identity on the fiber component.

$p \in U_1 \cap U_2$  存在連續可逆函數  $\phi_1 \circ \phi_2^{-1}: (U_1 \cap U_2) \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (U_1 \cap U_2) \times \mathbb{R}$  用  $g_{12}$  表

示，稱為轉換函數，是一個矩陣。

$G = \{g_{\alpha\beta}\}$  稱為  $E$  的結構群  $\subset GL(n, \mathbb{R})$

滿足

$$g_{\alpha\alpha}(p)=1$$

$$g_{\alpha\beta}(p)=g_{\beta\alpha}(p)^{-1}$$

$$g_{\alpha\beta}(p) \circ g_{\beta\gamma}(p) g_{\gamma\alpha}(p) = 1 \text{ for } p \in U_\alpha \cap U_\beta \cap U_\gamma$$

Thus , the transition function  $g_{12} : U_1 \cap U_2 \rightarrow GL(1, R) = R / \{0\}$  is constant and equal to 1 °

註：

一個 bundle chart(叢圖表)包含：

- (1) 一個底空間的開集  $U \subseteq M$
- (2) 一個 diffeomorphism  $\phi$