§ Sine Gordon equation

$$1. \qquad u_{tt} - u_{xx} + \sin \varphi = 0$$

2. In light-cone coordinates (u,v)
$$u = \frac{x+t}{2}, v = \frac{x-t}{2}$$
, $\varphi_{uv} = \sin \varphi$

Soliton solutions:

- 1. Kink type
- 2. Breather type
- 3. Antikink type

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial t} u(x,t) = \sin(u(x,t))$$

Pseudosphere surfaces with constant Gaussian curvature K=-1

 $ds^2 = du^2 + 2\cos\varphi dudv + dv^2$ where φ is the angle between the asymptotic lines \circ

The second fundamental form L=N=0 , $M = \sin \varphi$

And the Gauss-Codazzi equation is $\varphi_{uv} = \sin \varphi$

RG005 Differential Geometry in Physics by Gabriel Lugo p.147